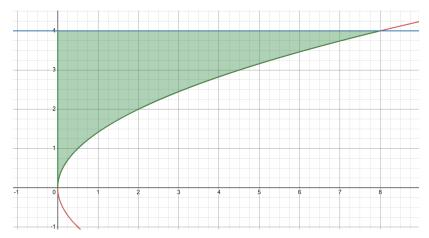
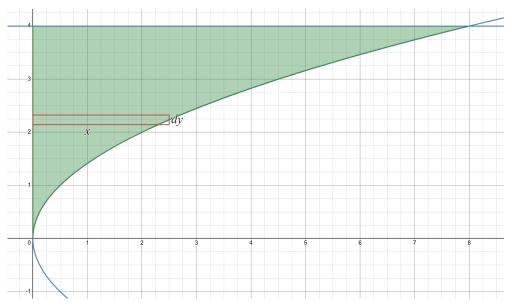
## Problem 6

The curve is a parabola,  $x = y^2/2$ . The y values are bounded by y = 0 (because x = 0 implies that y = 0) and y = 4. Therefore, the region is given by  $0 \le x \le y^2/2$  and  $0 \le y \le 4$ .



The rotation is about the y-axis. We therefore draw a small horizontal rectangle with height dy and width x.



After rotation, the radius of the disk created is x and the height is dy. Therefore, the volume is

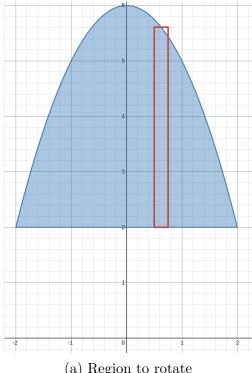
$$\int_0^4 \pi(\text{radius})^2 dy = \int_0^4 \pi x^2 \, dy.$$

But now,  $x = y^2/2$ , and therefore

$$\int_0^4 \pi x^2 \, dy = \int_0^4 \pi \frac{y^4}{4} \, dy = \pi \left( \frac{y^5}{20} \right) \Big|_0^4 = \frac{256\pi}{5}.$$

## Problem 8

Here is the sketch of the region to rotate about the x-axis and a gif of the rotation<sup>1</sup>:



(a) Region to rotate

(b) Rotation of the region

We will use the washer method. The inner radius is  $r_{in} = y = 2$  and the outer radius is  $r_{out} = y = 6 - x^2$ . The values of x start at x = -2 and ends at x = 2. So, by the washer method, we obtain

$$V(S) = \int_{-2}^{2} \pi r_{out}^{2} - \pi r_{in}^{2} dx = \pi \int_{-2}^{2} ((6 - x^{2})^{2} - 2^{2}) dx = 384/5.$$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The gif will work if you open the pdf with Adobe Acrobat Reader.